

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Bonide Rat Magic Scent Packs

Product code : 8636 - 25B

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Repellent

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Bonide Products, Inc. 6301 Sutliff Road Oriskany, NY 13424

Telephone Number: (315) 736-8231

Comment: Bonide hours of operation are 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m EST.

Website: <a href="www.bonide.com">www.bonide.com</a>
Email address: <a href="mailto:sales@bonide.com">sales@bonide.com</a>

1.4. Emergency telephone numbers (24 hour)

Medical : SafetyCall - (833) 972-1101

Spills : CHEMTREC - 1 (800) 424-9300 and/or 1 (703) 527-3887

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **Classification (GHS-US)**

Serious eye damage/ eye irritation 1 H318 Skin Irritation 2 H315 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) repeat exposure 1 H372 Carcinogenicity 1 H350

## 2.2. Label elements

## **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)







Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged and repeated exposure by inhalation.

H350 - May cause cancer by inhalation.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P203 - Obtain read and follow all safety instructions before use.

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P305+P354+P338 - IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P317 - Get medical help.

P318 - If exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

P319 - Get medical help if you feel unwell. P321 - Specific treatment (see on this label).

P332+P317 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local/national regulations

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Avoid creating dust when handling, using or storing.

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%
Attapulgite-type clay	(CAS No) 12174-11-7	20
Limestone (Pellitized)	(CAS No) 1317-65-3	74.3
Clove Oil	(CAS No) 8000-34-8	1
Peppermint Oil	(CAS No) 8006-90-4	0.75
Cedarwood Oil	(CAS No) 68990-83-0	1.25

<sup>\*</sup>Ingredients not listed are not hazardous.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anythin

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Suspected of causing cancer.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Assure fresh air breathing. Allow the person to rest. Dust in throat and nasal passages should

clear spontaneously. Contact a physician if irritation persists or develops later.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by

warm water rinse.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness

persist.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are generally no signs or symptoms of exposure. Often, chronic silicosis has no symptoms. The symptoms of chronic silicosis, if present, are shortness of breath, wheezing, cough and sputum production. The symptoms of acute silicosis which can occur with exposures to very high concentrations over a very short time period, sometimes as short as 6 months, are the same as those associated with chronic silicosis; additionally, weight loss and fever may also occur. The symptoms of scleroderma, an autoimmune disease, include thickening and stiffness of the skin, particularly in the fingers, shortness of breath, difficulty swallowing and joint problems.

Direct skin and eye contact with dust may cause irritation by mechanical abrasion. Some components of the product are also known to cause corrosive effects to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal irritation and blockage. Inhalation of dust may irritate nose, throat, mucous membranes and respiratory tract by mechanical abrasion. Coughing, sneezing, chest pain, shortness of breath, inflammation of mucous membrane, and flu-like fever may occur following exposures in excess of appropriate exposure limits. Repeated excessive exposure may cause pneumoconiosis, such as silicosis and other respiratory effects.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Not flammable; use extinguishing media compatible with surrounding fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Contact with powerful oxidizing agents may cause fire and/or explosions.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

## 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : On land, sweep or shovel into suitable containers. Minimize generation of dust. Store away from

other materials.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Use good housekeeping procedures to prevent the accumulation of dust in the workplace. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild

soap and water before eat, drink or smoke and when leaving work. Protect from moisture. Obtain

special instructions before use.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Protect from moisture. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in original container.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Respiratory protection : Wear approved mask.

Other information : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid

Appearance : Tan soild granules.
Color : Greyish to tan.

Odor : Characteristic- peppermint, clove, and cedar scent

: No data available

Odor threshold No data available Hq : No data available Melting point No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : No data available Flash point Not applicable Self ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable Vapor pressure : No data available Relative density No data available Solubility : Insoluble in water.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Viscosity

No additional information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Silica dissolves in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas - silicon tetrafluoride.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect from moisture.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Powerful oxidizing agents such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride may cause fire and/or explosions.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not known

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

EYE CONTACT: Direct contact with dust may cause irritation by mechanical abrasion or corrosive action. Conjunctivitis may occur.

SKIN CONTACT: Direct contact may cause irritation by mechanical abrasion. Some components of material are also known to cause corrosive effects to skin and mucous membranes.

SKIN ABSORPTION: Not expected to be a significant route of exposure.

INGESTION: Small amounts (a tablespoonful) swallowed during normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury. Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal irritation and blockage.

INHALATION: Dust may irritate nose, throat, mucous membranes and respiratory tract by mechanical abrasion. Coughing, sneezing, chest pain, shortness of breath, inflammation of mucous membrane, and flu-like fever may occur following exposures in excess of appropriate exposure limits. Inhalation of excessive concentrations of dust, including this material, may lead to lung injury.

IARC - The International Agency for Research on Cancer ("IARC") concluded that there is "sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite", there is "sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of quartz dust" and that there is "limited evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite dust and cristobalite dust." The overall IARC evaluation was that "crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite dust is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1)." The IARC evaluation noted that not all industrial circumstances studied evidenced carcinogenicity. The monograph also stated that "Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." For further information on the IARC evaluation, see IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Volume 100C, "Silica Dust, Crystalline, in the Form of Quartz or Cristobalite" (2012).

NTP - In its Eleventh Annual Report on Carcinogens, concluded that respirable crystalline silica is known to be a human carcinogen, based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity from studies in humans indicating a causal relationship between exposure to respirable crystalline silica and increased lung cancer rates in workers exposed to crystalline silica dust.

ACGIH, MSHA, and OSHA have determined that adverse effects are not likely to occur in the workplace provided exposure levels do not exceed the appropriate exposure limits. Lower exposure limits may be appropriate for some individuals including persons with pre-existing medical conditions as described under medical conditions aggravated by exposure..

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

No data available

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available

## 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Not regulated for transport by DOT

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This chemical is a pesticide product regulated by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

Product can cause moderate eye irritation. For certain individuals, skin irritation may occur. In case of eye contact, flush with plenty of water. In case of skin irritation, wash area thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information : None.

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Pesticides

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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